



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Chlorine Free Tie Gum (Group 1,2,7,8 & 12)

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Chlorine Free Tie Gum (Group 1,2,7,8 & 12)
Product code : 9006
Other means of identification : Not available.
Product type : Solid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Unvulcanized Custom Mixed Rubber Compound.

Supplier's details : Fenner Dunlop Conveyor Belting
 654 Camp Joy Road, Building 2 Suite B
 Bluefield, Virginia 24605
 USA
 Tel.: 276-322-1426

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3877
 Registration number: 8338
 (24/7)

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1
 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H350 - May cause cancer.
 H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.
 H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements



Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

- Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing dust.
P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Response** : P391 - Collect spillage.
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazards not otherwise classified (US)** : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Carbon black, non respirable	10 - 30	1333-86-4
Extracts (Petroleum), Heavy Paraffinic Distillate Solvent	7 - 13	64742-04-7
Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free	7 - 13	112926-00-8
Zinc oxide	1 - 5	1314-13-2
Sulfur, homopolymer	1 - 5	9035-99-8
Resorcinol Formaldehyde Resin	1 - 5	65876-95-1
N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine	0.1 - 1	793-24-8
2-(Morpholinothio)Benzothiazole	0.1 - 1	102-77-2
di(Benzothiazol-2-yl) Disulphide	0.1 - 1	120-78-5
Resorcinol	0.1 - 1	108-46-3

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black, non respirable	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Extracts (Petroleum), Heavy Paraffinic Distillate Solvent	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Zinc oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). CEIL: 15 mg/m ³ Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Sulfur, homopolymer
Resorcinol Formaldehyde Resin
N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine
2-(Morpholinothio)Benzothiazole
di(Benzothiazol-2-yl) Disulphide
Resorcinol

fumes
STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction
None.
None.
None.
None.
None.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 45 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 90 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours.
TWA: 45 mg/m³ 10 hours.
STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 90 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Canada

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black, non respirable	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019). TWAEV: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 7 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Extracts (Petroleum), Heavy Paraffinic Distillate Solvent	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019). TWAEV: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist STEV: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist
Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Zinc oxide

TWA: 1.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
 TWAEV: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
 STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
 TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).
 TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
 STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
 STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable dust and fume.
 TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust and fume.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
 TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter
 STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable particulate matter
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
 TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: fume
 STEV: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: fume

Resorcinol

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
 15 min OEL: 90 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
 8 hrs OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours.
 8 hrs OEL: 45 mg/m³ 8 hours.
 15 min OEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2020).
 TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
 STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
 TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
 STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).
 TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.
 TWAEV: 45 mg/m³ 8 hours.
 STEV: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
 STEV: 90 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
 STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
 TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	: Solid. [Opaque.]
Color	: Black.
Odor	: None.
Odor threshold	: Not applicable.
pH	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not applicable.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapor density	: Not applicable.
Relative density	: 1.191
Density	: 1.191 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Insoluble in water.
Solubility in water	: Insoluble.
Miscible with water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon black, non respirable	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2806 mg/kg	-
2-(Morpholinothio) Benzothiazole	LD50 Oral	Rat	271 mg/kg	-
di(Benzothiazol-2-yl) Disulphide	LD50 Oral	Rat	12560 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>7940 mg/kg	-
Resorcinol	LD50 Oral	Rat	>12 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3360 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	202 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(Morpholinothio) Benzothiazole	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	50 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Resorcinol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 g	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification United States

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free	-	3	-
Resorcinol	-	3	-

Classification Canada

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free	3	-	-
Resorcinol	3	-	A4

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates



Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Chlorine Free Tie Gum (Group 1,2,7,8 & 12)	21748.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Resorcinol Formaldehyde Resin	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine	500	2806	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-(Morpholinothio)Benzothiazole	12560	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Resorcinol	500	3360	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black, non respirable	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Zinc oxide	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/L Marine water Acute IC50 46 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	96 hours 72 hours
Resorcinol	Acute LC50 98 µg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 78000 µg/L Marine water Acute LC50 >100000 µg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 40 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio Daphnia - Daphnia pulicaria Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Zinc oxide	-	28960	high
N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine	2.46	17	low
2-(Morpholinothio)Benzothiazole	3.4	-	low
di(Benzothiazol-2-yl)Disulphide	4.5	1.4 to 51	low
Resorcinol	0.8	3.16	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.









Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine)
Transport hazard class(es)	9  	9  	9  	9  
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

AERG : 171

Additional information

- DOT Classification** : Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials unless transported by inland waterway. This product is not regulated as a hazardous material when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a.
- TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.
- IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
- IATA** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Zinc oxide; Benzo[a]pyrene
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Resorcinol; p-Cresol; Formaldehyde

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Formaldehyde	≤0.0025	Yes.	500	73.9	100	14.8

SARA 304 RQ : 4938271.6 lbs / 2241975.3 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Extracts (Petroleum), Heavy Paraffinic Distillate Solvent	≥10 - ≤25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Sulfur, homopolymer	≥1 - ≤3	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Resorcinol Formaldehyde Resin	≥1 - ≤3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
N-1,3-Dimethylbutyl-N'-Phenyl-P-Phenylenediamine	≥0.3 - <1	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
2-(Morpholinothio)Benzothiazole	≥0.3 - <1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Section 15. Regulatory information

di(Benzothiazol-2-yl) Disulphide	≥0.3 - ≤1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
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SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	≥3 - ≤5
Supplier notification	Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	≥3 - ≤5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: Carbon black, non respirable; Extracts (Petroleum), Heavy Paraffinic Distillate Solvent; Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free; Zinc oxide
- New York** : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: Carbon black, non respirable; Extracts (Petroleum), Heavy Paraffinic Distillate Solvent; Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free; Zinc oxide
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: Carbon black, non respirable; Silica gel, pptd., cryst.-free; Zinc oxide

California Prop. 65

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Formaldehyde and Benzo[a]pyrene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Formaldehyde	Yes.	-
Benzo[a]pyrene	Yes.	-

Canadian lists

- Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Zinc oxide
- CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

- Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.
- United States (TSCA 8b)** : All components are active or exempted.



Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

History

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 01/15/2022
Date of previous issue	: 11/30/2018
Version	: 7
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

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